App. No. 10/809,215 Office Action Dated August 23, 2006

612-455-3801

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Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listing of claims in the application.

Claims 2, 3, 8, and 9 are amended. Claims 10-13 are canceled without prejudice or disclaimer.

Listing of Claims:

- (Canceled) 1.
- (Currently Amended) A solid-state imaging apparatus, comprising: 2.
- a plurality of photosensitive cells disposed in a matrix in a photosensitive region on a semiconductor substrate; and
 - a driving unit for driving the plurality of photosensitive cells,
 - wherein each of the photosensitive cells includes:
- a photodiode formed to be exposed on a surface of the semiconductor substrate, for accumulating signal charge obtained by subjecting incident light to photoelectric exchange;
- a transfer transistor formed on the semiconductor substrate, for transferring the signal charge accumulated in the photodiode;
- a floating diffusion layer formed on the semiconductor substrate, for temporarily accumulating the signal charge transferred by the transfer transistor, the floating diffusion layer including a contact portion that is connected to a gate electrode of an amplifier transistor; and
- the amplifier transistor being formed on the semiconductor substrate, for amplifying the signal charge temporarily accumulated in the floating diffusion layer,
- wherein a source/drain diffusion layer provided in the amplifier transistor is covered with a salicide layer,
- the floating diffusion layer is formed to be exposed on the surface of the semiconductor substrate in a region other than a periphery of the contact portion of the floating diffusion layer, while a region within the periphery of the contact portion is covered with a second salicide layer, and

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an impurity concentration of the floating diffusion layer is lower than an impurity concentration of the source/drain diffusion layer of the amplifier transistor.

- 3. (Currently Amended) A solid-state imaging apparatus, comprising:
- a plurality of photosensitive cells disposed in a matrix in a photosensitive region on a semiconductor substrate; and
 - a driving unit for driving the plurality of photosensitive cells,
 - wherein each of the photosensitive cells includes:
- a photodiode formed to be exposed on a surface of the semiconductor substrate, for accumulating signal charge obtained by subjecting incident light to photoelectric exchange;
- a transfer transistor formed on the semiconductor substrate, for transferring the signal charge accumulated in the photodiode;
- a floating diffusion layer formed on the semiconductor substrate, for temporarily accumulating the signal charge transferred by the transfer transistor, the floating diffusion layer including a contact portion that is connected to a gate electrode of an amplifier transistor; and

the amplifier transistor being formed on the semiconductor substrate, for amplifying the signal charge temporarily accumulated in the floating diffusion layer,

wherein a source/drain diffusion layer provided in the amplifier transistor is covered with a salicide layer,

the floating diffusion layer is formed to be exposed on the surface of the semiconductor substrate in a region other than a periphery of the contact portion of the floating diffusion layer, while a region within the periphery of the contact portion is covered with a <u>second</u> salicide layer,

each of the photosensitive cells further includes a reset transistor for resetting the floating diffusion layer,

the driving unit includes:

a vertical driver circuit for simultaneously driving the transfer transistor and the reset transistor in a vertical direction;

a noise suppressing circuit for obtaining a signal output to a plurality of vertical signal lines disposed in a vertical direction in the photosensitive region; and

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a horizontal driver circuit for outputting a signal from the noise suppressing circuit in a time series by successively switching a plurality of horizontal transistors disposed in a horizontal direction, and

an impurity concentration of the floating diffusion layer is lower than an impurity concentration of a source/drain diffusion layer provided in a plurality of transistors constituting the vertical driver circuit and the horizontal driver circuit.

- 4. (Original) The solid-state imaging apparatus according to claim 3, wherein the source/drain diffusion layer provided in the plurality of transistors constituting the vertical driver circuit and the horizontal driver circuit is covered with a salicide layer.
- 5. (Previously Presented) The solid-state imaging apparatus according to claim 2, wherein the transfer transistor and the amplifier transistor are composed of an n-type MOS transistor.
- 6. (Original) The solid-state imaging apparatus according to claim 3, wherein the vertical driver circuit and the horizontal driver circuit are composed of a dynamic logic circuit.
- 7. (Original) The solid-state imaging apparatus according to claim 3, wherein an impurity concentration of a source/drain diffusion layer of a part of the plurality of transistors constituting the vertical driver circuit and the horizontal driver circuit is lower than an impurity concentration of a source/drain diffusion layer of another part of the plurality of transistors constituting the vertical driver circuit and the horizontal driver circuit.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The solid-state imaging apparatus according to claim 3, wherein a source/drain diffusion layer of a part of the plurality of transistors constituting the vertical driver circuit and the horizontal driver circuit is formed to be exposed on [[a]] the surface of the semiconductor substrate, and a source/drain diffusion layer of another part of the plurality of transistors constituting the vertical driver circuit and the horizontal driver circuit is covered with a salicide layer.

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(Currently Amended) The solid-state imaging apparatus according to claim 2, wherein 9. [[an]] the impurity concentration of the floating diffusion layer is $1 \times 10^{18} \text{ cm}^{-3}$ or less.

10. - 13. (Canceled)